

Database of registered town or village greens in England

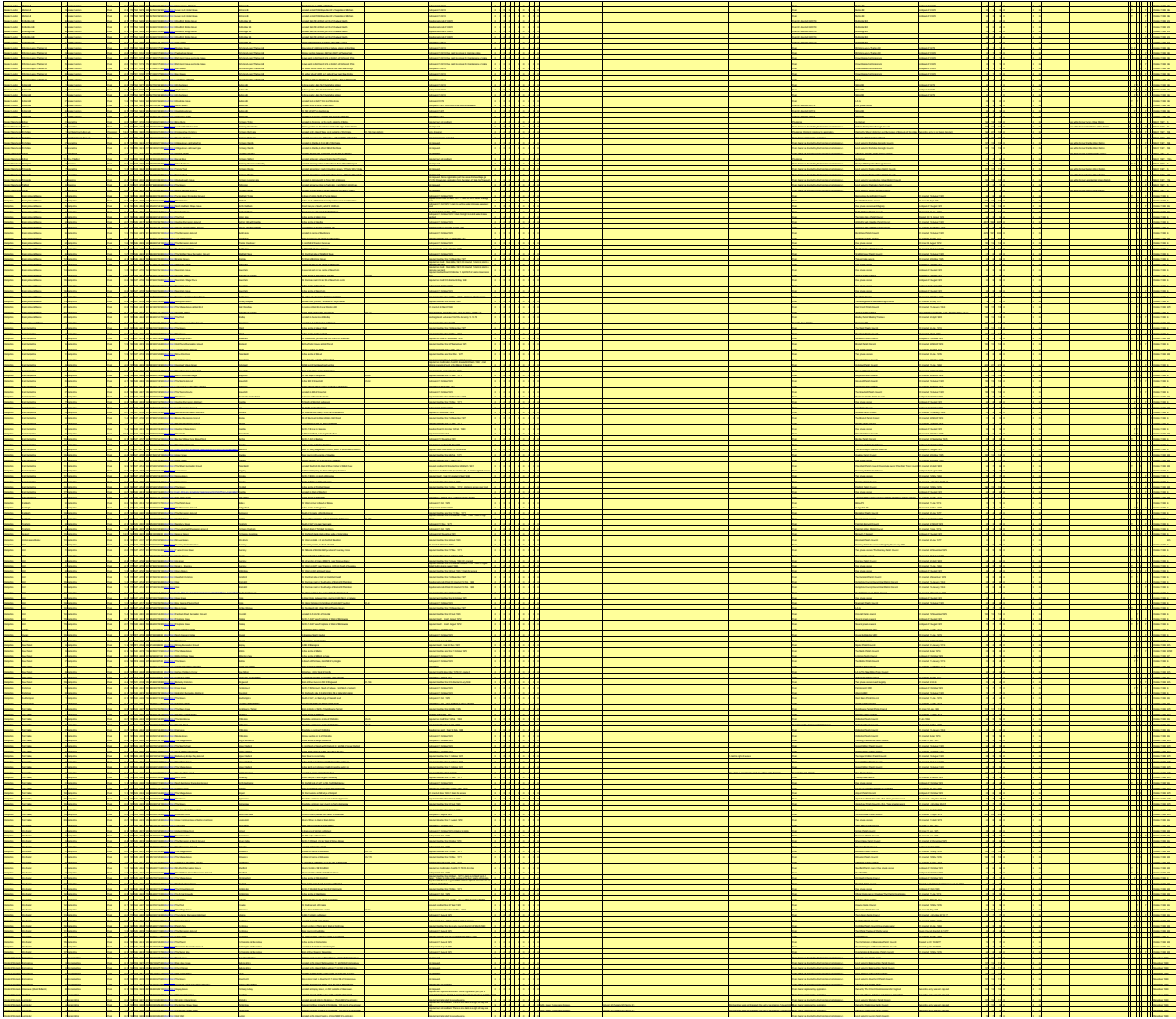
The data in the second tab of this workbook were gathered by the University of Aberystwyth in connection with (but not as part of) the biological survey of common land, and dates from the late 1980s. The data were collected from visits to the offices of commons registration authorities at that time. The data are not kept up-to-date with subsequent new registrations of greens, or amendments to existing registrations, because Defra does not receive details of amendments to the registers. So these data must be seen as a snapshot of the registers of town or village green at the time of the survey. Although deregistration of land registered as town or village green occurs very infrequently, the entries in this database cannot be guaranteed, and reliance should be placed on an inspection of the relevant register held by the commons registration authority for confirmation.

Please note that the greens listed in the database are located by a single grid reference, and that owing to limitations in the scale of mapping at which the data were collected, the grid reference may be located a short distance from the green itself. The location is therefore very approximate.

Click on the 'tvgs in England' tab below for the dataset

The image shows a large grid of yellow cells with black borders, resembling a spreadsheet or data table. The grid is mostly empty, with a few blue lines forming a small structure on the left side. This structure consists of a vertical line of cells on the far left, a horizontal line extending from the second cell from the bottom, and another vertical line of cells to the right of the horizontal line, forming an L-shaped pattern.

This image shows a large, empty table with a yellow background and a black grid. The table is oriented vertically and occupies most of the page. It has a large number of columns and rows, creating a dense grid pattern. A vertical blue line is visible on the left side of the table, approximately one-third of the way across the page. The table is otherwise blank, with no text or data entries.



This image shows a grid of yellow cells, resembling a spreadsheet or a ledger page. The grid is composed of many rows and columns, with black borders around each cell. The background color of all cells is yellow. On the left side, there is a vertical column of blue lines, possibly representing a margin or a separator. Two horizontal blue lines are also visible in the first few rows, indicating a header or a specific section within the data. The overall appearance is that of a blank or nearly blank data table.

The image displays a large, rectangular grid of yellow cells, resembling a data table or spreadsheet. The grid is composed of many small rectangular cells arranged in a regular pattern. A vertical column of blue cells is visible on the left side of the grid. The grid is bounded by black lines, and the overall appearance is that of a structured data layout.

This image shows a large table with a yellow background and a grid of black lines. The table is mostly empty, with a few small blue artifacts visible in the leftmost columns. The grid is composed of approximately 50 columns and 1000 rows. The table is mostly empty, with a few small blue artifacts visible in the leftmost columns.

This image shows a large grid with a yellow background and black borders, resembling a spreadsheet or ledger. The grid is mostly empty, with a few blue lines visible in the top-left corner. The grid consists of many columns and rows, with some columns being wider than others. The blue lines are located in the top-left corner, forming a small rectangular area. The rest of the grid is empty, with no text or data entered.

